# This Guide Assumes You Have EasyMocap, OpenPose, and the required models already downloaded

https://github.com/zju3dv/EasyMocap/blob/master/doc/installation.md

### **Capturing data:**

- 1. Set up cameras for best results
  - a. Equadistant from the center of set
  - b. Framed such that actor will be in frame on as many cameras as possible
  - c. Use high shudder to prevent motion blur
  - d. Avoid having objects such as wires or other people in frame of cameras
- 2. Calibration
  - a. Recording
    - i. Intrinsic
      - 1. Stand at the same distance from your camera that you plan to record mocap
      - 2. Rotate and move the chessboard infront of camera with a clear view
        - a. Be sure to get different angles of chessboard by
        - b. These clips don't need to be synchronized
        - c. NOTES:
          - Maximize your time and variety in rotations as the longer the intrinsic video the longer the calibration will take
        - d. Be sure to bring the chessboard the edges of the frame or your footage will be distorted
        - e. Note:
          - I usually start chessboard in center of fram and move it to the left edge then to the right edge, then rotate it towards meso its about 20 degrees from flat
    - ii. Extrinsic
      - 1. Set the chessboard in the center of your mocap space and record a short video on all the cameras
  - b. Generating Calbration Files
    - i. Intrinsic
      - 1. In a folder, create a new folder called videos
        - a. Label these videos 1, 2, 3, etc
        - b. Let \${intri} = this
      - 2. In command line
        - a. python3 \${location of EasyMocap files}/scripts/preprocess/extract\_video.py \${intri} --no2d
        - b. python3 \${location of EasyMocap files}/apps/calibration/detect\_chessboard.py \${intri} --out

# **\${location referenced in 1}**/output/calibration --pattern y,x --grid 0.1

- i. Y = number of tiles in y direction 1
- ii. X = number of tiles in x direction 1
- 3. fine tuning
  - a. python3 \${location of

## EasyMocap}/apps/annotation/annot calib.py \${intri}

- --mode chessboard --pattern **y**,**x** --annot chessboard
  - i. Y = number of tiles in y direction 1
  - ii. X = number of tiles in x direction 1
- b. This will open a window with a zigzag on the chessboard. Go through the frames with A and D.
  - i. If there is a frame that isn't matching the others
    - 1. Press space until the red circle is on the point you wish to change
    - 2. Then click where you want the point to be and press space
  - ii. Once all frames are correctly set press q and you do this for the next camera

#### ii. Extrinsic

- 1. In a folder, create a new folder called videos
  - a. Label these videos 1, 2, 3, etc
  - b. Let **\${extri} = this**
- 2. In command line
  - a. python3 \${location of EasyMocap files}/scripts/preprocess/extract\_video.py {location referenced in 1} --no2d
  - b. python3 \${location of EasyMocap

files}/apps/calibration/detect\_chessboard.py \${extri} --out \${extri}/output/calibration --pattern y,x --grid 0.1

- i. Y = number of tiles in y direction 1
- ii. X = number of tiles in x direction 1
- 3. finetuning
  - a. python3 \${location of

### EasyMocap\/apps/annotation/annot calib.py \$\{extri\}

- --mode chessboard --pattern y,x --annot chessboard
  - i. Y = number of tiles in y direction 1
  - ii. X = number of tiles in x direction 1
- b. You can fine tune this the same way you finetuned intrinsic
  - But since each shot is stationary you only need 1 frame per camera to be accurate and you can delete the rest.
    - 1. So you just need to fix 1 frame per camera and delete the other json files in chessboard

#### c. Note:

- A major difference in extrinsic is that they are synced.
- ii. So you need to make sure the zigzag is in the same relative position on each camera
  - 1. This is how the cameras figure out where they are
- iii. Generating files for mocap
  - 1. Intrinsic
    - a. python3 \${location of

# EasyMocap}/apps/calibration/calib\_intri.py \${intri}

- i. This will take alot of time
- 2. Extrinsic
  - a. python3 \${location of EasyMocap}/apps/calibration/calib\_extri.py \${extri} --intri \${intri}/output/intri.yml
- 3. python3 \${location of

EasyMocap}/apps/calibration/check\_calib.py \${extri} --out
\${extri} --show

- a. This will show an image with a box drawn on
- b. Press D to go to the next camera and verify the box is in the same relative location
- c. Generating Mocap
  - i. Create a project folder
    - In it create a videos folder containing the SYNCED videos you want to mocap
      - a. Label these videos 1, 2, 3, etc
    - 2. Let \${data} = project folder
    - 3. Copy the extri.yml and intri.yml files from **\${extri}** into **\${data}**
  - ii. In command line
    - 1. python3 \${location of

EasyMocap}/scripts/preprocess/extract video.py \$data

- --openpose \${location of openpose data(inside folder)}
- --handface --gtbbox
- 2. Get nohands or face
  - a. python3 \${location of EasyMocap/apps/demo/mv1p.py \${data} --out \${data}/output/smpl --vis\_det --vis\_repro --undis --sub\_vis 1 2 3 etc --vis\_smpl
- 3. Hands and face
  - a. python3 \${location of EasyMocap/apps/demo/mv1p.py \${data} --out \${data}/output/smplx --vis\_det --vis\_repro --undis --sub\_vis 1 2 3 etc --body bodyhandface --model smplx --gender male --vis\_smp
- iii. Tips:

- If your 3d character in the output/smpl images seems to be too small
  - a. Manualing go into the extri.yml and divide the numbers in the data array of T\_1, T\_2, ...
    - If a certain camera has a much smaller or much larger character just change the data values in the correlating T {camera number}
- 2. If using selfie camera of cellphone be sure to flip the footage, as it may be reversed, or you will get confusing results
- 3. If you notice that your footage is distorted in the check mocap step try adding the –tryfocal
- 4. If you are getting an index error its probably being caused by poor detection
  - a. So you can reshoot it or you can use –end [insert number] at a frame the precedes the poor detection
    - i. You can find detection in \${data}/output/detect
- 5. AssertionError
  - a. Your missing files somewhere / they are in the wrong place
  - b. You already generated an output and are doing so again
    - If you want to regenerate Mocap either move or delete previous output